

risks for the 1984 accident year that Z assumed in a reinsurance transaction on September 1, 1986. Z had \$230,000 of 1986 loss payments related to the 1984 accident year of its workers' compensation line, \$60,000 of which was attributable to the reinsurance assumed by Z. At the end of 1986, Z's reserve for the workers' compensation line for the 1984 accident year was \$1,100,000.

(ii) If only paragraph (c)(3)(i) of this section were applied, Z would have a \$460,000 reserve strengthening (\$1,100,000-(\$1,000,000-\$230,000-\$130,000)). Under paragraph (c)(3)(ii)(B) of this section, however, reserve strengthening does not include the \$250,000 that Z added to the reserve to take into account the reinsurance assumed. Also, none of the \$60,000 of loss payments attributable to the reinsurance assumed in 1986 are taken into account. Accordingly, Z has \$150,000 of reserve strengthening (\$460,000-\$250,000-\$60,000). If this is Z's only reserve strengthening or weakening, then the amount that Z must include in income for 1987 under paragraph (e) of this section is \$40,771.05 (\$150,000 × (100%-72.8193%)). The factor of 72.8193% is the AY+2 factor from the workers' compensation series of discount factors published in Rev. Rul. 87-34.

Example 6. (i) X was a calendar year taxpayer before July 1, 1986, the date on which X became a member of an affiliated group of corporations that files a consolidated return with a June 30 year end. Thus, X had two taxable years beginning in 1986: a short taxable year ending June 30, 1986, and a fiscal taxable year ending June 30, 1987.

(ii) As of the end of 1985, X had undiscounted unpaid losses of \$800,000 in the automobile liability line of business for the 1983 accident year. At the end of the short taxable year, X had reserves of \$700,000 of undiscounted unpaid losses, and on June 30, 1987, had reserves of \$600,000 of undiscounted unpaid losses. During the short taxable year, ending June 30, 1986, X's loss payments for this reserve were \$120,000. During the taxable year ending June 30, 1987, X's loss payments for this reserve were \$180,000. Under paragraph (c)(3)(i) of this section, X has a \$100,000 reserve strengthening; of which \$20,000 (\$700,000-(\$800,000-\$120,000)) is attributable to the short taxable year ending June 30, 1986 and \$80,000 (\$600,000-(\$700,000-\$180,000)) is attributable to the taxable year ending June 30, 1987.

(iii) The amount of reserve strengthening for this line of business is determined pursuant to the principles of paragraph (c)(2) of this section.

[T.D. 8433, 57 FR 40845, Sept. 8, 1992; 57 FR 48563, Oct. 27, 1992; 57 FR 57531, Dec. 4, 1992]

§ 1.846-4 Effective date.

Sections 1.846-1 through Sections 1.846-3 apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986.

[T.D. 8433, 57 FR 40847, Sept. 8, 1992]

§ 1.848-0 Outline of regulations under section 848.

This section lists the paragraphs in §§ 1.848-1 through 1.848-3.

1.848-1 Definitions and special provisions.

- (a) Scope and effective date.
- (b) Specified insurance contract.
 - (1) In general.
 - (2) Exceptions.
- (i) In general.
- (ii) Reinsurance of qualified foreign contracts.
- (c) Life insurance contract.
- (d) Annuity contract.
- (e) Noncancellable accident and health insurance contract.
- (f) Guaranteed renewable accident and health insurance contract.
- (g) Combination contract.
 - (1) Definition.
 - (2) Treatment of premiums on a combination contract.
- (i) In general.
- (ii) De minimis premiums.
- (3) Example.
- (h) Group life insurance contract.
 - (1) In general.
 - (2) Group affiliation requirement.
- (i) In general.
- (ii) Employee group.
- (iii) Debtor group.
- (iv) Labor union group.
- (v) Association group.
- (vi) Credit union group.
- (vii) Multiple group.
- (viii) Certain discretionary groups.
- (ix) Employees treated as members.
- (x) Class or classes of a group determined without regard to individual health characteristics.
 - (A) In general.
 - (B) Limitation of coverage based on certain work and age requirements permissible.
- (3) Premiums determined on a group basis.
 - (i) In general.
 - (ii) Exception for substandard premium rates for certain high risk insureds.
 - (iii) Flexible premium contracts.
 - (iv) Determination of actual age.
- (4) Underwriting practices used by company. [Reserved]
- (5) Disqualification of group.
 - (i) In general.
 - (ii) Exception for de minimis failures.
- (6) Supplemental life insurance coverage.
- (7) Special rules relating to the payment of proceeds.